

Vera C. Rubin Observatory

The Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)

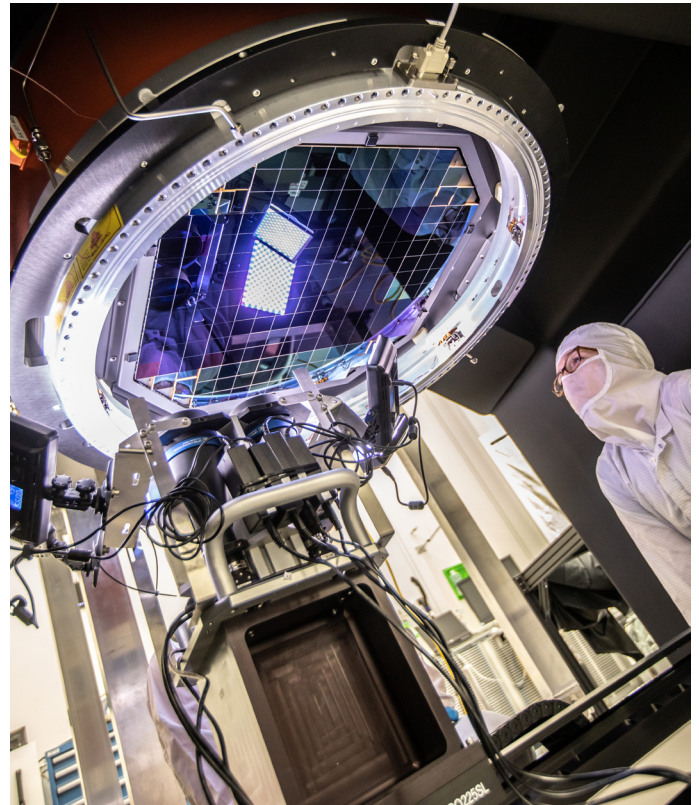
Rubin Observatory's Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST) will scan the entire visible southern sky every few days for a decade – the widest, fastest and deepest view of the night sky ever observed. Its vast public archive of data will dramatically advance our knowledge of the dark energy and dark matter that make up 95% of the universe, as well as galaxy formation and potentially hazardous asteroids.

A National Priority

The National Research Council's Astronomy and Astrophysics Decadal Survey, "New Worlds, New Horizons," ranked Rubin Observatory, formerly known as the Large Synoptic Survey Telescope, as the top ground-based priority for the field for the current decade.

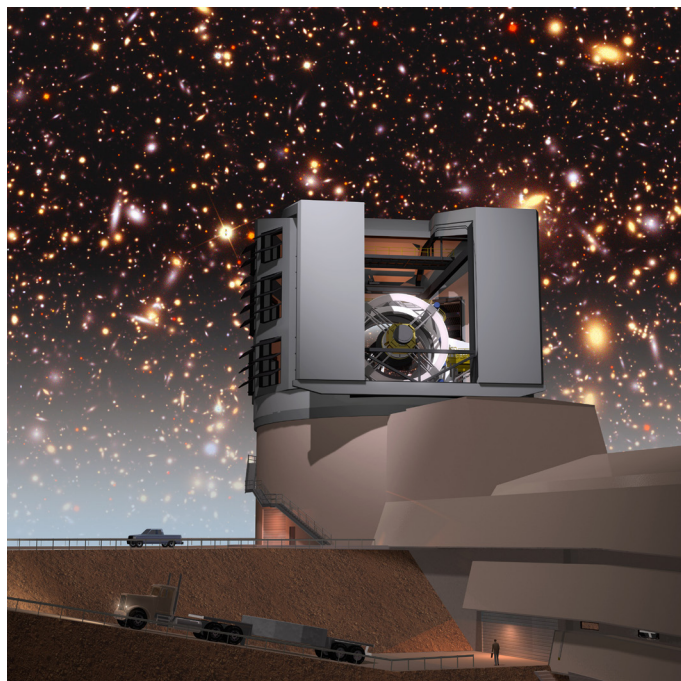
3-billion-pixel Camera

SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory is leading the construction of the LSST Camera, which will be mounted on the Simonyi Survey Telescope. The size of a small car and weighing more than 3 tons, the 3.2-gigapixel camera will be the largest digital camera ever built for ground-based optical astronomy. Displaying just one of its full-sky images would require over 1,500 high-definition TV screens.



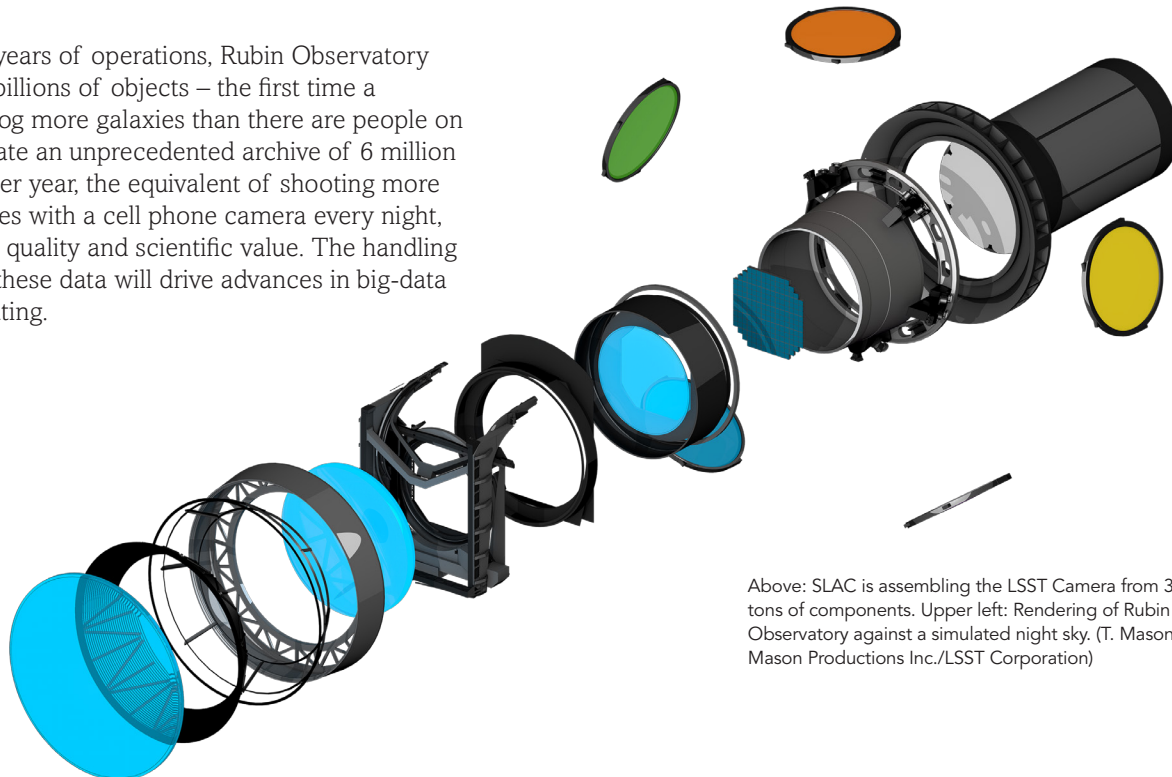
Above: SLAC is leading the construction of the 3.2-gigapixel LSST Camera, the largest digital camera ever built for ground-based optical astronomy. This photo shows the complete focal plane of imaging sensors. Below: Construction of Rubin Observatory atop Cerro Pachón in Chile. (Rubin Observatory/NSF/AURA)





Massive Data

During the first 10 years of operations, Rubin Observatory will detect tens of billions of objects – the first time a telescope will catalog more galaxies than there are people on Earth. This will create an unprecedented archive of 6 million gigabytes of data per year, the equivalent of shooting more than a million images with a cell phone camera every night, but of much higher quality and scientific value. The handling and analysis of all these data will drive advances in big-data science and computing.



Above: SLAC is assembling the LSST Camera from 3 tons of components. Upper left: Rendering of Rubin Observatory against a simulated night sky. (T. Mason, Mason Productions Inc./LSST Corporation)